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# Root's Nurseries

Incorporated

Manheim, R. D. No. 1 LANCASTER COUNTY, PENNA.

# CATALOGUE Fall 1928



# A PERSONAL MESSAGE

It is with great pleasure that we present our new catalog, and we believe this to be an opportune time for its introduc-

Our Nurseries have reached the reputation we now enjoy through our customers who have made them what they are, and we believe those whom we have had the pleasure of serving in the thirty-three years of our experience in the nursery business have confidence in our organization.

To those who have never purchased nursery stock from us, may we ask that you convince yourself of the reliability of our statements by giving us a trial order. We wish to be understood that we do not sell the "cheapest" trees and plants, but as good as can be grown in the best of soils, and at low prices when quality and services are considered.

# ROOT'S NURSERIES, Inc.

Phone Landisville 104-R-13

# Landscape Service

In this department you are rendered complete service. Not only can we supply you with the plants, but tell you how they should be used to best advantage.

We shall be glad to offer suggestions for arranging the plantings of the new home as well as making additions to existing plantings. If definite plans are required, our land-scape department is prepared to serve you in this manner.

Many of our clients prefer to have our men plant the trees and shrubs on their grounds. The cost of this service is nominal, but it is an assurance that the work will be properly

done and that the stock will be given the best possible start.

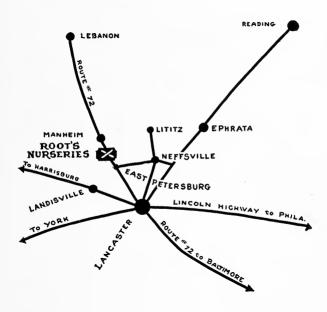
When you have us do the planting of ornamentals, any plants that die during the first season will be resupplied at one-half price, or credited on new selection, provided the original account was paid promptly.

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Above picture shows entrance to our Office and Sales Ground.



# HOW TO REACH THE NURSERIES

Our Nurseries are conveniently located on Route 72, or the Lancaster-Lebanon Highway. The newly built concrete road, which is the relocation of the Highway, passes through one of the farms on which we grow Nursery Stock.

Whether you are traveling south from Manheim or north from East Petersburg on this road, you cannot miss our signs placed on the side to the east. After you see one of these signs you will be directed at the next intersection over our private road to the office and sales grounds.

If you are not acquainted with the location of our Nurseries, a little study of the above map will help you to get to us with

very little, if any, trouble.

# INSTRUCTIONS TO PURCHASERS

How to Figure Your Order. One to four trees or plants of one variety sold at the each rate; 5 to 25 of one variety at the ten rate; 25 to 250 of one variety at the 100 rate; 250 or more at the 1000 rate.

Orders. Orders should be sent in just as soon as possible after receiving catalog. By placing orders early you are more certain of getting the varieties wanted, as late in the season we are usually sold out of some of the varieties. dered early we can reserve the stock until you want it shipped.

Shipping. We have the Pennsylvania and Reading Railroads and the Lancaster Trolley system, and can ship in any direction with the probability of prompt arrival at destination. All shipments travel at the cost and risk of the purchaser.

Truck load orders will be delivered free, Truck Deliveries. reasonable distances; long hauls and smaller orders delivered by special arrangement. We are well equipped to give good

truck service.

Guarantee. We guarantee all stock to be strictly first class and true to name and will upon proper proof refund the purchase price, or replace any stock which proves otherwise. It is understood and agreed that we will not be held responsible for any greater sum than the cost of the stock, should any prove untrue. We strive to avoid mistakes and believe that we are as exact as any in the business.

Our nurseries are inspected every year and every shipment will be accompanied by a Certificate of the State Examiner.

Replacements. We guarantee all stock we sell to be strictly first class and TRUE TO NAME, dug and packed properly for shipment; we do not charge a price for a tree that, should it die, we could replace it and then still make a profit. often perishes when it is not properly planted and cultivated; also the severe cold and heavy storms of Winter and droughts of Spring and Summer, which are liable to occur, will sometimes cause the best of stock to perish, which is no fault of ours.

It is impossible for us to guarantee trees and plants to live, as this altogether depends on weather conditions and how stock is planted and cared for after planting. The conditions which prevail after stock leaves our hands are such that it is just as impractical for a Nurseryman to guarantee a tree or plant to live as it would be for your best neighbor to sell you a horse or other live stock and guarantee it to live. We can only guarantee to send you good stock up to grade represented, full of life and true to name. Upon request we will furnish

16-page planting booklet with every order.

Terms Cash, except when expressly agreed otherwise. Substitution. When sold out of a variety of trees or plants we frankly say so, and when you allow us to substitute we will send a variety similar to the one ordered, as good or better; as we know the many varieties, our substitution, if any, will be of advantage. Late in the season we are sometimes sold out of some varieties of stock; thus when sending your order it is to your advantage to say whether we may substitute or not, that we may get the order off promptly, before the season is too far advanced for successful planting. If you do not wish to exercise this right, please mark your order sheet plainly NO SUBSTITUTION.

The plant remeating the season plant and the season with the exercise this right, please mark your order sheet plant remeating the season plant remeating

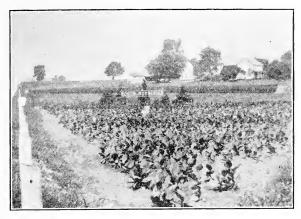
The plant names used in this list conform, for the most part, with "Standardized Plant Names," adopted by The American Joint Committee on Horticultural Nomenclature.

ROOT'S NURSERIES, INC.

Phone, Landisville 104-R-13.

R. D. 1, Manheim, Pa.

Members American Association of Nurserymen, Eastern Nurserymen's Association, Pennsylvania Nurserymen's Association, etc. 2



One of our signs along Highway-Canna Bed in Foreground, Evergreens in rear.

# APPLES

There is a constantly increasing demand for high-quality fruit of all kinds, and in no class of fruit is the demand more noticeable than in Apples. With the proper selection of varieties and intelligent cultivation, there is no reason why the orchardist who makes a specialty of Apples should not have a business yielding him larger returns for the money and labor invested than almost any other horticultural industry. Where Apples are grown solely for home use, a wide range of varieties may be selected; and the list of distinct kinds offered in our catalog afford the choicest varieties in all desirable types; and cover the entire range of ripening seasons.

Apple trees should be set 32 to 40 feet apart.

Fillers. Most commercial orchards are now planted with standard varieties, 40 feet apart each way. Quick, upright growing, early maturing varieties are used as fillers, planting between standards to make 20 ft. apart; fillers to be removed when the standard trees require the room (12 to 18 years). This requires 28 standard and 82 fillers to the acre. We recommend for fillers: Yellow Transparent, Oldenburg, Grimes Golden, McIntosh and Wealthy, or peach trees.

Price of Apples—2 year		
Z TIOU OL TIPPITO - J TIN	Per	Per
Each	10	100
6 to 7 ft\$ .75	\$6.50	
5 to 6 ft	5.00	\$40.00
4 to 5 ft	4.00	35.00
3 to 4 ft	3.00	25.00
Price of Apples—1 year	_	_
	$\operatorname{Per}$	$\operatorname{Per}$
Each	10	100
4 to 5 ft\$ .40	\$3.00	\$25.00
3 to 4 ft	2.50	20.00
2 to 3 ft	2.00	17.50

# SUMMER APPLES

Benoni. Attractive, red, best eating apple of its season.

Early bearer and very productive.

Early Harvest. Medium, pale yellow, tender, juicy.

Oldenburg (Duchess of Oldenburg). Good size, yellow, streaked red, juicy, sub-acid, productive.

Summer Rambo. Very large; flesh yellow, firm, tender, very juicy, mild sub-acid.

Large, beautiful deep crimson. A favor-Red Astrachan.

ite eating and cooking apple.

Yellow Transparent. Earliest and best; white, tender, juicy, sprightly, sub-acid. Grows rapidly, bears young, and makes a profitable "filler."

#### AUTUMN APPLES

Gravenstein. Large striped, fine quality, one of the best fall sorts.

Maiden Blush.

Maiden Blush. Large, beautiful, blush cheek. Smokehouse. An old favorite, originated in Lancaster Co., Pa. Wealthy.

Medium size, smooth, round, deep red; handsome and of fine quality.

#### WINTER APPLES

Red, large, fine quality, tree vigorous.

Winter Banana. Size large, golden yellow with bright

crimson red.

Cortland. This is a promising new variety originated at the Horticultural Experimental Farms, Geneva, N. Y. The fruit is medium to large in size, of a bright red color. Flesh is pure white.

Delicious. Red and yellow; fine grained, and quite juicy;

flavor slightly acid, but very good.

Falawater (sometimes called Pound Apple). Large;

yellowish green fruit.

Grimes Golden. No orchard complete without it. Yellow, best quality and productive. For either home or market for this season there is nothing better.

Hubbardston. Large, red, striped, tender, juicy.

Jonathan. Medium; red, extra quality.

McIntosh. Large, deep crimson, highest quality, juicy,

Paradise Winter Sweet. Large; creamy, rosy-cheeked. Rome Beauty. Large, yellow, shaded red; tender, juicy, sub-acid.

Stark. Large, striped light and red, juicy, mild, sub-acid.

An early and abundant bearer, good keeper.

Stayman Winesap. Of the several important descendants of Winesap, this variety is leaping into prominence as a splendid sort for the home or commercial orchard. The tree is a sturdy grower and a very heavy producer. It is adapted to a wide range of soils and climates, thriving almost wherever planted. It runs to large sizes. The fruit is of deep red color, with firm flesh, tender, juicy, and the same rich flavor of the parent. We strongly recommend this variety for the home or commercial orchard.

York Imperial. Medium to large; yellow, shaded red;

firm, juicy, sub-acid.

#### CRAB APPLES

Hyslop. Large; deep crimson; one of the most beautiful;

very popular.

**iscendent.** For many years the most popular crab Fruit about an inch in diameter, yellow, with red Transcendent. apple. cheek.



Some of our two-year apples for Fall and Spring sales.

### PEACHES

We are offering only a limited number of varieties, ones that you can depend on giving you a good crop of fruit. We do not think it worth while to propagate a large number of varieties, when a few of the best will make more money for our customers. The peach crop is quite sure if you give your trees proper attention.

Price	of	Peaches	

	Per	Per
Each	10	100
5 to 7 ft\$ .60	\$5.00	\$35.00
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 ft	4.00	25.00
4 to 5 ft	3.00	20.00
3 to 4 ft	2.00	15.00

#### Arranged in Order of Ripening

The very best extra early commercial sort. Greensboro. Hardy and productive, fruit large and tree healthy. Color, white with crimson cheek.

Carman. White with red blush. Carman is extra hardy, bears every year, and when it fails all else fails too. Tree a

very robust grower and produces heavily.

Hiley (Early Belle). The earliest commercial white freestone peach. It resembles Belle of Georgia, but in quality is superior to most of its white-fleshed competitors. The pretty red cheek and good shipping qualities make it very popular for early market.

Large variety, creamy white, red cheek, sweet,
Hardy and productive. Champion.

rich and juicy. Hardy and productive.

Belle (Belle of Georgia). Very large; skin white with red cheek; flesh white, firm and of excellent flavor. Tree a rapid grower, very prolific.

Capt. Ede. A handsome yellow peach of excellent quality;

hardy in bud and blossom.

J. H. Hale. Probably no new peach has ever been introduced claiming to be so much superior in all ways. It averages one-third to one-half larger than Elberta, ripens about five days earlier and is much superior in flavor. beautiful golden-yellow, with deep carmine blush.

Elberta. Large, yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow, firm, juicy, of high quality. Exceedingly prolific, sure bearer and hardy. The leading market variety.

Late Crawford. A superb, large, yellow peach.

Mathews (Dr. Funkle strain). Very similar to Elberta but

Very similar to Elberta but Mathews (Dr. Funk's strain). of better quality.

Large, pale yellow, deep red cheek, Old Mixon Free. white flesh, tender, rich, good.

Roberta (Late Elberta). Ripens 10 days to 2 weeks later

than Elberta which it resembles very closely.

Stump. Large, white, bright red cheek.
Salway. A late yellow variety. Latter part of September. Iron Mountain. Ripens September 15 to October 1., Fruit is of large size; color, white.



Part of our crew-Budding Peach Trees.

# APRICOTS

Each	Per 10
4 to 6 ft\$ .85	\$7.50
3 to 4 ft	6.00
Farly Golden Small pale grange juicy and sweet	,

Early Golden. Small, pale orange, juicy and sweet.

Dallas. Fruit large, round, early, deep yellow with a fine blush; flesh yellow, firm, juicy and excellent. Tree hardy, a good grower.

Royal. Large, yellow, juicy, rich and delicious; a very fine variety.

CHERRIES

	ach Per 10
5 to 7 ft\$	.85 \$7.50
4 to 6 ft	
3 to 4 ft	

#### SWEET CHERRIES

Bing. Very large, dark brown—almost black; flesh firm, sweet, rich and delicious. One of the most profitable sorts. July.

Black Tartarian. Very large, black, juicy. Last of June. Gov. Wood. Large, light red, juicy, rich, delicious. healthy and productive. June.

Napoleon. Large, pale yellow or red; firm, juicy, sweet and

productive. July.

Schmidt. Immense size, deep black; flesh dark, tender, very juicy, fine flavor; productive. July.

Windsor. Fruit large, liver-colored, distinct; flesh re-

markably firm and of fine quality. Tree hardy and prolific. A valuable late variety. July.

#### Yellow Spanish. Large, yellow and red.

#### SOUR CHERRIES

Early Richmond. Medium, dark red, melting, juicy, sprightly, rich acid.

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English Morello. Fair size, blackish red, rich acid.
Montmorency. Large, deep cherry red, very tender and icy. It is the best variety for home and market. It ripens at the close of the Early Richmond season, and is of better size than that variety; more meaty and of richer flavor.

# **PEARS**

Each	Per 10
5 to 7 ft\$ .85	\$7.50
4 to 6 ft	
Dwarf Pear 4 to 5 ft	6.50

Bartlett. Season last of August to September 15th. Good strong grower, flesh is white, fine grained, luscious, large and

buttery, has a rich melting flavor and very sweet.

Clapp's Favorite. Summer. Fruit large, yellow lemon color, spotted with brown dots; flesh fine, rich and sweet.

A very good one.

**Duchesse.** Very large, buttery, rich, juicy, excellent. succeeds to perfection and is the most popular market variety

as a dwarf. Oct. and Nov.

Kieffer. Its large size, handsome appearance, and remarkable keeping and shipping qualities make it very profitable

Seckel. Small; skin rich yellowish brown when fully ripe, exceedingly juicy, melting, buttery; one of the richest and highest flavored pears known. Sept. and Oct.

**Sheldon.** A large, round, russet and red pear of very fine quality; melting, rich, and delicious. Tree vigorous, erect, and handsome; bears well and should be more largely planted.

October.

# **PLUMS**

	Per 10
5 to 7 ft\$ .85	\$7.50
4 to 6 ft	6.50
3 to 4 ft	5.00

Abundance. One of the oldest and best varieties; hardy, productive. Fruit large, lemon yellow, with heavy bloom;

good quality. Aug.

Burbank. Most profitable among growers for market.

Ripens 10 days after Abundance. Tree hardy.

October Purple. A strong, vigorous grower, hardy, productive, of good quality; a large, round, late purple plum, especially recommended for late market.

Red June. One of the vigorous, upright growers; productive; fair size, vermilion red; pleasant quality. Ripens

a week before Abundance. Aug.

Climax. One of the best of the large, early sweet plums, ripening ahead of other varieties, which makes it a very valuable market sort. July.

Gold. Large, oval, bright yellow; rich, juicy, fine quality.

A good grower.

**Bradshaw.** A very large and fine early plum, dark violet red, juicy and good. Very productive; valuable for market. The tree is very hardy and vigorous. Middle of August.

German Prune. Large, dark purple, sweet, good. One of the most popular for canning, because of its sweetness. September.

Italian Prune. Good size, purple, juicy, delicious, fine for drying. September.

Imperial Gage. Large, pale green, juicy, sweet, rich, and August.

excellent. Satsuma (Blood). Large, globular, with sharp point. Color, purple and red with blue bloom; flesh firm, juicy, dark red or blood color, fine quality; pit very small. Hardy and vigorous grower. August.

QUINCES			
Each	Per 10		
4 to 5 ft\$ .85 3 to 4 ft	\$7.50 6.50		
Orange. Fruit large, bright yellow, of excellent quality. Champion. A prolific and constant bearer of oval fruit, averaging larger than Orange and ripening later. Long keeper. Meech Prolific. A vigorous grower and immensely productive of large, orange-yellow fruit of delightful flavor and fine cooking quality.			
SMALL FRUITS			
GRAPES (2 years)			
Brighton. Red, high quality, large . \$ .35	Per 100 \$25.00 12.00 15.00 15.00		
ASPARAGUS			
Per 10 Per 100 1 Palmetto. Old reliable, 1 year	Per 1000 8.00 12.00 8.00 12.00		
STRAWBERRIES			
Per 10 Per 100 I	Per 1000		
Premier. One of the best, early, productive	7.00 7.00 7.00 8.00		
RASPBERRIES			
Cuthbert. Best red	Per 100 4.00 4.00		
BLACKBERRIES			
Each Per 10 Eldorado. Hardy, vigorous, productive .10 .75 Blowers. Splendid new sort10 .75	Per 100 6.00 6.00		
CURRANTS (2 years)			
Cherry. Large berries, short bunch25	Per 100 15.00 15.00 12.00 15.00		
GOOSEBERRIES (2 years)			
Downing. Large, pale green, very	Per 100		
good	15.00 15.00		
RHUBARB			
	Per 100 10.00		

# SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

Scientific Name	Common Name
ACER dasycarpum, 60'-80' Quick growing, graceful shade tree; neath.	Silver Maple leaves silvery under-
8 to 10 ft	5.00 Wier Cutleaf Maple
8 to 10 ft	2.50 4.00 Norway Maple
late autumn. 6 to 8 ft. 8 to 10 ft. 10 to 12 ft. 15 to 20 ft. —schwedleri, 40'-60' Schwedl Probably the best large growing purpl	2.00 3.00 4.00
lawn specimen. 6 to 8 ft	4.00
6 to 8 ft. 8 to 10 ft. 10 to 12 ft.  —palmatum atropurpureum, 6'-8' Bloc A good dwarf tree with rich purple-re	3.00
Best in sun. 3 inch pots, 1 yr. grafts	5.00 utleaf Japanese Maple cut purple-red leaves,
work. 3 inch pots, 1 yr. grafts	
3 inch pots, 1 yr. grafts	3.00 6.00 European White Birch
4 to 5 ft	1.75 15.00 2.00 18.00 2.50 Cutleaf Weeping Birch
Graceful tree for lawn planting. Ver 3 to 4 ft	3.50
Useful in formal planting. Light Heads 5 to 6 ft Medium Heads 5 to 6 ft Large Heads 5 to 6 ft —speciosa, 30'-35' 6 to 8 ft	1.75 15.00 2.50 22.50 3.50 32.50 Western Catalpa

# ROOT'S NURSERIES, INC.

Scientific Name	Common Name
CERCIS canadensis, 12'-15'	American Padhud
CERCIS canadensis, 12'-15' Rosy-Pink; April; very effective who wood; good foliage. Also called Juda	an planted with Dog-
wood: good foliage Also called Inda	re Tree
wood, good foliage. This called Julia	Eb D = 10
2 to 3 ft	Each Per 10
3 to 4 ft	80 7.50 1.10 10.00
3 to 4 it	1.10 10.00
CORNUS florida, 15'-25' White Among the best of the spring flowering	e Flowering Dogwood
Among the best of the spring flowerin	g small trees.
3 to 4 ft	2.00
4 to 5 ft	
—kousa, 16'–18' White flowers in June. Conspicuou	Kousa Dogwood
white nowers in June. Conspicuot	is cherry-like scarlet
fruits, attractive to birds. 18 to 24 in	1.25 10.00
2 to 3 ft	
— — rubra, 15′–20′ Red The pink flowers are more persistent	than the white
18 to 24 in	2 00
2 to 3 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
CRATAEGUS oxycantha splendens, 12'-	
Pa	uls Scarlet Hawthorn
Double scarlet flowers	dis Scariet Hawthorn
Double scarlet flowers. 2 to 3 ft	2.00
3 to 4 ft	2.50
4 to 5 ft	
FAGUS americana (ferruginea), 75'-10	0' American Beech
One of our best native trees; distinct	tive silver-gray bark.
3 to 4 ft	3.00
FRAXINIIS americana 70'-80'	White Ash
Fairly rapid grower: assumes pleas	sing golden tones in
autumn: good in moist soils.	sing gorden tones in
Fairly rapid grower; assumes pleas autumn; good in moist soils.  8 to 10 ft.	2.00 18.00
10 to 12 ft	2.50 22.00
GINKGO biloba (Salisburia), 50'-75'	Maidenhair Tree
Picturesque, interesting, quite disting	ct leaves shaped like
Picturesque, interesting, quite distinguishmaidenhair fern; immune from insect	s.
8 to 10 ft	3.00
10 to 12 ft	4.00
LIRIODENDRON tulipifera, 60'-80'	Tuliptree
A quick grower; the yellow tulip-like	flowers are produced
in June.	
6 to 8 ft	1.50
8 to 10 ft	
MAGNOLIA soulangeana, 15'-18'	Saucer Magnolia
Large purplish-pink and white flowers	in May. Best trans-
planted in early spring. 5" pots	2.00
5" pots	3.00
MALUS ioensis plena, 10'-15' Large double pure pink flowers with	Bechtel Crab
Large double pure pink flowers with	noticeable fragrance;
vigorous grower.	1.00
2 to 3 ft	1.50
PRODUCE 11 1 1 0/ 40/ T	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
MORUS alba pendula, 8'-10' Tea The most popular small "weeping" to	is Weeping Mulberry
Medium grade	ree.
Large heads	4 00
DIATAMIC asignatelia 70/ 90/	European Dlana Trac
PLATANUS orientalis, 70'-80' A good tree for park and street use;	grows rather quickly
withstands smoky city conditions.	grows rather quickly,
8 to 10 ft	3.00
10 to 12 ft	4.00

Scientific Name POPULUS nigra italica, 60'-80'  Tall spire-like character; valued for landscape work and	
Tall spire-like character; valued for landscape work and screens.	
Each Per 10	
8 to 10 ft	
10 to 12 ft	
Valued chiefly because of purplish foliage; should be pruned every year for best color effect.	
3 to 4 ft 1.00	
4 to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft	
soms in early spring	
3 to 4 ft. stems, 1 yr. heads 4.00	
QUERCUS palustris, 75'-90' Pin Oak Takes most kindly to cultivation; prefers moist soil, but is very adaptable. Particularly fitting as a street tree; good	
very adaptable. Particularly fitting as a street tree; good	
autumn effects. 8 to 10 ft	
10 to 12 ft 6.00	
-rubra, 75'-90' Red Oak Comparatively quick growth; rich autumn coloring in	
greens and reds.	
8 to 10 ft	
9 to 11 ft	
Particularly appropriate for waterside planting with its long pendulous branches.	
6 to 8 ft	
8 to 10 ft	
Very desirable for spring effects. Will do well on dry as well	
as wet places.	
4 to 5 ft	
A valuable tree on a small lawn; the scarlet berries are quite striking.	
5 to 6 ft	
5 to 6 ft	
vellow flowers.	
8 to 10 ft	
—platyphyllos, 60′–75′ Bigleaf European Linden 8 to 10 ft 3.50	
8 to 10 ft	
—vulgaris, 60'-70' European Small Leaf Linden	
In late June the fragrant flowers are noticeable; grows symmetrical and compact.	
8 to 10 ft	
10 to 12 ft	
ULMUS americana, 80'-100' American Elm Stateliness and dignity are here exemplified. Fairly rapid	
in growth, this typical American tree soon assumes regal proportions and commands respect of all who look upon it.	
6 to 8 ft 1.75 15.00	
8 to 10 ft. 2.50 20.00 10 to 12 ft. 4.00	
— moline, 80′–100′ Moline Elm	
A remarkable new variety of remarkably strong growth and large handsome deep grain foliage. Very desirable.	
6 to 8 ft	
8 to 10 ft 3.00	

# ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

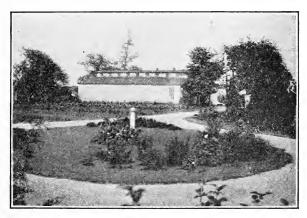
5 or more of one kind-10¢ less per plant, except Barberry Scientific Name
ACANTHOPANAX pentaphyllum, 7'-8'
Graceful, arching habit; splendid for banks; very adaptable; good foliage for smoky exposures. 2 to 3 ft.....\$ .50 Flowers double, May; very showy; there are Pink and White varieties. Warm brick-red flowers, May. Large showy flowers in shades of orange and red. May-June. Large hairy leaves. Likes sun. 15 to 18 in..... —yodogawa, 3'-4' exceptional merit. 12 to 15 in. 2.00
15 to 18 in. 2.50

BERBERIS ilicifolia, 5'-6' Holly Barberry A splendid low hedge plant, or for massing; brilliant autumn Very effective with gray-green foliage and deep lilac flowers; Chocolate colored flowers, fragrant. Round heads of creamy white flowers, July-Sept. Good foliage; likes moisture. Spreading habit, dark red bark, white fruits. Does well in moisture. Has distinct yellow bark; fine for winter effects. 18 to 24 in....

2 to 3 ft.....

.60

Scientific Name	Common Name
CYDONIA japonica, 4'-5'	Flowering Quince
Scarlet flowers in April, May.	Flowering Quince
Scarice nowers in ripin, may.	F 1
10 011	Each
18 to 24 in	
2 to 3 ft	
DEUTZIA gracilis, 3'	Slender Deutzia
Profuse bloomer, pure white, May.	Useful "facing" shrub
12 to 15 in	40
18 to 24 in	50
-lemoinei, 4'-5'	Lemoine Deutzia
	Lemoine Deutzia
Large white flowers, June, graceful.	40
15 to 18 in	
18 to 24 m	<u>.</u>
18 to 24 inscabra crenata fl. pl., 6'-8'	Double Pink Deutzia
Pink, slightly fragrant, June.	
2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 tt	60
—pride of Rochester, 9'-10'	Large Flwd Deutzia
Vigorous, large flower tinged pink, J	line
3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
EUONYMUS alatus, 9'-10'	W
Interesting and the decimal in	Winged Euonymus
Interesting corky bark, warm crim	ison autumn coloring.
Makes fine specimen shrub.	
18 to 24 in	
2 to 3 ft	1.00



Storage and Packing House seen from Display Grounds.

EXOCHORDA grandiflora, 6'-9'	Pearlbush
Dazzling white flowers, May. Is improved	by pruning.
2 to 3 ft	60
3 to 4 ft	
FORSYTHIA suspensa fortunei, 7'-8' Fortu	
Good habit, arching branches, vigorous grov	ver.
2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft	
HIBISCUS syriacus (Althea), 10'-12'	Rose of Sharon
Rather formal in outline, flowering in Augu	st and Septem-
ber. Pink, purple, red, and white, single an	d double.
2 to 3 ft	
HYDRANGEA arborescens grandiflora, 4'-5'	
Snow	hill Hydrangea
Large double white flower panicles, very sho	wy. August.
18 to 24 in	
2 to 3 ft	60

# ROOT'S NURSERIES, INC.

Scientific Name	Common Name
—paniculata grandiflora, 8'-9' Very showy, blooming in Sept.	Peegee Hydrangea
	Each
18 to 24 in	
standard	Tree Hydrangea
3 to 4 ft	1.25
Large waxy vellow flowers. July-Au-	Goldflower -Goldflower
————standard 3 to 4 ft	gust. Danity, nam-
18 to 24 in	
12 to 15 in	
15 to 18 in	
15 to 18 in.  LONICERA fragrantissima, 6'-8' Fragrant white flower, April–May. H 2 to 3 ft	alf-evergreen.
2 to 3 ft	
Ta	rtarian Honeysuckle
Flowers and fruit freely produced. A m 2 to 3 ft	ost adaptable shrub.
3 to 4 ft	
PHILADELPHUS coronarius, 9'-10' White fragrant flowers profusely borne	Sweet Mockorange
2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft	
——aureus, 4'-5' Golde Dwarf, compact form. Yellow leaves.	en Lear Mockorange
15 to 18 in	
-virginalis, 7'-8' Beautiful semi-double flowers produce	Virginal Mockorange
Beautiful semi-double flowers produce	ed intermittently all
summer. 2 to 3 ft	1.00
PHYSOCARPUS opulifolius, 9'-10' Creamy white, June. Vigorous. Goo 2 to 3 ft.	Ninebark
2 to 3 ft	d for snade.
RHODOTYPOS kerrioides, 4'-5'	White Kerria
RHODOTYPOS kerrioides, 4'-5' Fresh green foliage, pure white flowers, black bead-like berries all winter. Als 2 to 3 ft.	May-June. Shining o called letbead.
2 to 3 ft	
RHUS canadensis (aromatica), 4'-5' Clusters of small yellow flowers, Ap tractive in June when covered with cor-	Fragrant Sumac
tractive in June when covered with cor-	al-red fruits. With-
stands drought. Aromatic toliage.	1.00
-cotinus, 10'-12'	Smoke Tree
Also called Purple Fringe.  2 to 3 ft	1 50
SAMBUCUS canadensis aurea, 10'-12'	1.50
Gol	lden American Elder
Has conspicuous yellow foliage. 2 to 3 ft	
SPIRAEA bumalda, anthony waterer, 3'	
Antho Deep rose pink; very free flowering all	ony Waterer Spiraea I summer.
12 to 15 in	
15 to 18 in	
—prunifolia, 7'-8'	Bridalwreath
White, May. Free flowering; handson foliage, turning orange in autumn.	ne dark green shining
2 to 2 ft	50

Scientific Name Common —thunbergi, 4′–5′ Thunberg S Slender, arching branches clothed with pure-white fla April–May. Small, feathery, light-green leaves.	niraea
18 to 24 in	.50
—van houttei, 8'-9' Vanhoutte S White, May-June. Graceful habit. Extremely free fing and very adaptable.	piraea lower-
18 to 24 in. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	.30 .40 .50
SYMPHORICARPOS racemosus, 5'-6' Snow	berry
Conspicuous, white berries, attractive foliage. Most a able, but best in half shady moist locations.	idapt-
2 to 3 ft	.40 .50
—vulgaris, 4'-5' Cora Coral red berries persisting throughout winter. Gos shade, and bank planting.	lberry od for
2 to 3 ft	.40 .50
SYRINGA	Lilac
These are all grown from cuttings and are on their own which is the best way Lilacs can be grown, as they w sucker. These named Lilacs generally grow from 6'-height, depending on the variety and locality. Charles the Tenth, reddish purple single Ludwig Spaeth, single reddish purple Marie Le Graye, single white	roots, ill not -12' in
Michel Buchner, double lilac Mme. Lemoine, double white President Grevy, double blue Rubra de Marly, single light blue Wm. Robinson, double violet pink	
2 to 3 ft	.90 1.25
TAMARIX africana, 12'-14' African Ta Pink, April-May. Has feathery, gray-green foliage. effective near water.	
3 to 4 ft	.50
VIBURNUM americanum, 8'-9' American Cranber Bright scarlet berries in large bunches, persisting all 18 to 24 in. 2 to 3 ft.	winter.
the state of the s	ne-Rod k blue. d near
—dentatum, 10'-12' Arrow White, May-June. Berries blue-black, autumn of purple and red; thrives in wet soil.	v-Wood coloring

#### ROOT'S NURSERIES, INC.

—opulus, 9'-10' Berries resemble the cranberry ve all winter.	European Cranberrybush ery much, cling to branches
18 to 24 in	
—tomentosum plicatum, 7'-8' Showy white flowers in balls, Jun purple autumn coloring.	e. Handsome foliage with
18 to 24 in	
WEIGELA amabilis, 7'-8' Light pink.	Rose Weigela
2 to 3 ft	
—candida, 7'-8' Large, pure white flowers. 2 to 3 ft	White Weigela
	Red Flowered Weigela
18 to 24 in	
—nana variegata, 4'-5' Pale pink flower; variegated growth.	
18 to 24 in	
—rosea, 7'-8' Showy, pink flowers freely p grower.	Pink Weigela roduced. June. Vigorous
2 to 3 ft	



It's Not A Home Until It's Planted.

## HOW TO PLANT THEM SO THEY WILL LIVE

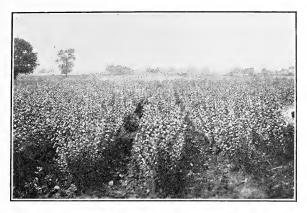
Get your plants at once.

Open them immediately.
Keep them where they cannot dry out until planted.
Prepare the soil thoroughly before planting.

Do not allow the roots of the plants to dry out before planting. Pack the soil firmly around the roots when planting.

Mulch after planting.
Keep the soil moist until after growth starts.

Give shade and support if necessary.



Some fine two-year old California Privet.

# **HEDGE PLANTS**

Scientific Name	Commo	on Name
BERBERIS thunbergii, 4'-5'	Japanese .	Barberry
A splendid low hedge plant, or for	massing;	brilliant
autumn coloring; scarlet berries.		
	Per 10	Per 100
12 to 15 in	\$1.50	\$10.00
15 to 18 in		15.00
18 to 24 in	2.50	20.00

LIGUSTRUM ovalifolium, 9'-10'. California Privet California Privet. The most popular hedge plant on account of its beauty, adaptability, and low cost. Did you ever realize what an admirable and luxuriant privet hedge you could secure at a very small cost, and how much it would add to the value of your property? To find the exact number wanted, measure the space where it is to be planted and multiply the number of feet by two.

and multiply the number of feet by two.

They should be planted 3 inches deeper than they stood in the nursery row. Set the plants 6 inches apart in the row. Dip the roots in water before planting. After plants are set, cut them down to 4 inches from the surface of the ground. This will cause a thick new growth to start and is very essential for a heart full header.

for a beautiful hedge.

When cutting, each time allow about 1 to 2 inches above where it was cut before until you get the height desired.

		Per 100	
6 to 12 in., 1 yr	25	2.00	15.00

Two-year—cut back and well branched. Will give immediate effect.

12 to 18 in., 2 yr	.35	3.00	25.00
18 to 24 in., 2 yr			
2 to 3 ft., 2 yr	.45	4.00	35.00

Many of our Ornamental Shrubs and Evergreens make splendid Hedges, Screens and Windbreaks.

# **EVERGREENS**

These Evergreens have been transplanted frequently. Each time they have been given ample room for proper growth. Every one is sheared into a symmetrical shape. Freshly dug in the nursery for your individual order. Balled and bur-

lapped.

All of the following varieties may be trimmed and used for Foundation planting, etc., with the exception of the Abies or Firs, the Piceas or Spruces, and the Pinus or Pines. (Except Mugho Pine which is dwarf.) These varieties will grow large and should be used for specimens, screens or for massing where there is plenty of room for them to develop. Scientific Name Common Name

Scientific Name Common	
ABIES concolor, 70'-80'	hite Fir
Grows quickly and forms symmetrical, beautiful sp	ecimen.
Large, gray-green needles.	
Each	
18 to 24 in	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$21/(10^{-3} \text{ ft})$	
2½ to 3 ft. 6.00  —nordmanniana, 60′-70′ Nordm  Grows slowly when young. Flat leaves are rich, green above, silvery white beneath.  18 to 24 in. 5.00	ann Fir
Grows slowly when young Flat leaves are rich	chining
groon above cilvery white beneath	Siming
18 to 24 in 5.00	
18 to 24 in	T:
A second of the	Juniper
A very nardy, busny and pyramidal growing variety.	Bears
small berries of violet brown color when ripe.	
3 to 4 ft	
— pyramidalis, 15'–20' Column Chinese	Juniper
Grows rapidly, forming tall narrow column of gra	y-green
foliage. Spire-like effect. Very useful in ev	rergreen
Dianting	
3 to 4 ft	
— pfitzeriana, 5'-6' Pfitzer	Juniper
Broad, bushy habit. Gray-green foliage, giving f	eatherv
appearance. A most adaptable hardy evergreen:	highly
recommended.	87
12 to 18 in	
18 to 24 in	
2 to 3 ft	
2 to 3 ft	
3 to 4 ft 8.00  —communis aurea, 1'-1½' Golden Common Low spreading habit. Golden foliage, particularly	Luniper
Less appeading habit Colden folioge portionless	, bright
Low spreading habit. Golden foliage, particularly	Dright
in spring.	
12 to 15 in	
15 to 18 in	т .
— canadensis, $2\frac{1}{2}$ Canada	Juniper
Forms a low vase-shaped bush. Leaves dark green	ı above,
bluish underneath.	
18 to 24 in	
— suecica nana, $3'-3\frac{1}{2}'$ Dwarf Swedish	Juniper
bluish underneath.  18 to 24 in	
12 to 15 in	
—excelsa stricta, 4'-5' Spiny Greek	Juniper
Compact, well-shaped pyramid. Foliage gray-green	. Most
useful for formal effects.	
10 to 12 in	
12 to 15 in	
15 to 18 in. 3.00	
18 to 24 in. 4.00	
18 to 24 in	Tuniper
Branches trail along ground Adapted to rock-we	ork and
ground covering.	
18 to 24 in	
2 to 21/ ft 4.00	
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 4.00$	

Scientific Name	Common Name
——douglasi, 1'-1½' Long branches trailing along ground. A splendid ground cover; also effect	Waukegan Juniper Steely-blue foliage. ctive among rock.
Distinct purple hue in winter.	Each
15 to 18 in	2.50 3.00
—sabina, 6'-7' Dense, dark green foliage. Spreading irregular vase-shaped bush.	
10 to 12 in	2.00 3.00
—virginiana glauca, 15'-20' Bluish-gray foliage. Distinct.	Silver Redcedar
2 to 3 ft	6.00 7.00
PICEA excelsa, 80'-100' Has dark green foliage and grows rapid windbreak, and also lends itself well to 12 to 18 in	Norway Spruce lly. Makes a good trimmed hedges 1.25 1.50 2.25 3.25
3 to 4 ft	4.00 ue Colorado Spruce
—pungens glauca, 60'-80' Bl Branches in distinct whorls, formin specimen.	g handsome lawn
12 to 18 in	5.00
— —kosteri 12 to 15 in. 2 to 2½ ft. 3 to 3½ ft.	20.00
PINUS montana mughus, 2½'-3'	Mugho Pine
Forms a round-topped clump. Useful for foundation work.  12 to 18 in	3.00
— <b>nigra,</b> 60'–70' Rich, dark green. Vigorous, dense	Austrian Pine
background. 18 to 24 in	2.00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ $2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft.}$	4.00
3 to 4 ft	5.00
—strobus, 80'–100' Probably our most adaptable and picturesque when old.	_
18 to 24 in	
—sylvestris, 25'-30' A rapid-growing, handsome tree, espe Good for windbreaks.	cially when young.
18 to 24 in	2.00
2½ to 3 ft	4.00
PSEUDOTSUGA douglasi, 70'-80'	Douglas Fir
Very hardy; dark bluish-green color drained situation.	ring. Prefers well-
12 to 15 in	1.50



Thrifty Evergreens in our three-year beds.

Common Name

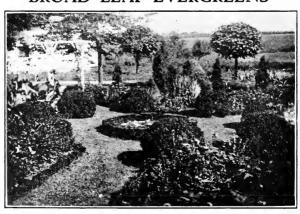
Scientific Name

RETINOSPORA obtusa compacta, $2\frac{1}{2}$ '-4' Football Cypress
Almost spherical in shape Good green throughout winter
Almost spherical in shape. Good green throughout winter. Very useful in foundation or formal work. Each
15 to 18 in
18 to 24 in 4.00
—pisifera, 25'—35' Sawara Cypress
Ovietz grouper I construermented
—pisifera, 25′–35′ Sawara Cypress Quick grower. Loosely pyramidal.  18 to 24 in
10 t0 24 III
18 to 24 in
10 4- 24 :-
10 to 24 in
Inread Branched Cypress
18 to 24 in
foliage. Graceful and decorative.
12 to 15 in
15 to 18 in
2 to 2½ ft
———aurea, 10'-12' Golden Thread Branched Cypress
Very bright, conspicuous, golden yellow. Grows more
slowly than preceding.
10 to 12 in 2.00
12 to 15 in
——plumosa, 25′–35′ Plume Cypress
Forms a dense cone of fine texture. Useful for shearing
into formal shapes.
15 to 18 in 1.50
18 to 24 in
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft
2 to 2½ ft. 3.50 3 to 3½ ft. 5.00 ——aurea, 20'-25' Goldenplume Cypress
Golden form of preceding, and grows more slowly.
12 to 15 in
15 to 18 in
18 to 24 in 3.00
2½ to 3 ft
2½ to 3 ft
Forms a low, broad, round-topped bush; bright yellow
tipped branchlets.
9 to 12 in
12 to 15 in. 2.50
12 to 15 in
Foliage blue-gray feathery and dense, giving soft woolly
Foliage blue-gray, feathery and dense, giving soft woolly appearance. Broad pyramidal outline when young.
15 to 18 in
18 to 24 in
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft
20

Scientific Name Common Name
TAXUS baccata repandens, 18"-24" Spreading English Yew Spreading, horizontal branches, dark blue-green leaves.
Valuable for low planting.
Each 15 to 18 in
15 to 18 in
able in foundation plantings. Exceptionally hardy.
18 to 24 in
18 to 24 in
18 to 24 in
Broad, thick leaves, blackish green. Slow growing and
12 to 15 in
18 to 24 in
broad, thick leaves, blackish green. Slow growing and irregular, spreading habit. Exceptionally hardy.  12 to 15 in
Good accent plant or for a hedge. 12 to 18 in
18 to 24 in 1.75
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft
foundation planting.
12 to 15 in 1.75
15 to 18 in
18 to 24 in
10 to 12 in 1.50
12 to 15 in
15 to 18 in
Oval in shape, nearly as broad as high. Bright green foliage.
15 to 18 in
18 to 24 in
Conspicuous golden yellow form. Columnar outline. 12 to 15 in
15 to 18 in
18 to 24 in
2 to 2½ ft. 4.00  — plicata, 10′–20′ Moss Arborvitae
Rich, deep blue-green foliage. Short, stiff branchlets give pleasing effect in light and shade. Formal pyramid.
2 to 2½ ft
3 to 3½ ft
— — pyramidalis, 15′–30′ Pyramidal Arborvitae Retains bright green coloring throughout winter. Narrow
columnar shape; splendid for accents or formal planting.
12 to 18 in
2 to 2½ ft
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 4.25$
3½ to 4 ft
Dense, rugged, columnar form. Slow grower.
12 to 15 in
18 to 24 in

Scientific Name  — — umbraculifera, 2'-3' Um Particularly good low mushroom-shaped green foliage.	Common Name brella Arborvitae form with rich
12 to 15 in. 15 to 18 in. 18 to 24 in.  — wareana (Siberiana), 12'-15' Light green, fleshy foliage. Broadly prya	2.25 2.75 Ware Arborvitae
appearance. 15 to 18 in	2.25
A gem for dwarf planting; compact, warm golden vellow foliage. Especially	folden Arborvitae roundish shape; good for formal
work and edging. 6 to 8 in 8 to 10 in 10 to 12 in 12 to 15 in	1.50
— — conspicua, 7'-8' Gold Golden yellow in spring, bronze yellow tinctive.	dspire Arborvitae in winter. Dis-
15 to 18 in	3.00 Canada Hemlock ading horizontal
shady or sunny locations.  18 to 24 in  2 to 2½ ft  2½ to 3 ft  3 to 3½ ft  4 to 5 ft	3.75 4.75 6.00

# **BROAD LEAF EVERGREENS**



Garden and Pool at Nurseries.

ABELIA grandiflora, 3'-4'	Glossy Abelia
Choice small shrub, with white tinted lilad	c flowers, produced
throughout the entire summer months.	• •
Eac	h
2 += 2 f+	0

Crientific Name
Scientific Name Common Name AZALEA amoena, 3'-4'
Conspicuous purple-red flowers, April-May, Leaves turn
a rich, bronze-green in winter. Each 8 to 10 in
10 to 12 in
10 to 12 in
Larger leaves and looser growth than above; flowers very bright carmine-pink; effective in masses or with Rhodo-
dendron.
10 to 12 in
Helly like leaves persisting until new foliage appears
flowers yellow. Semi-evergreen.
15 to 18 in
—julianae, 4'-5' Wintergreen Barberry Beautiful hardy variety, of compact growth, with nice
glossy green foliage throughout the winter.
12 to 15 in
BUXUS sempervirens (bush form), 12'-15' Boxwood Useful for formal hedges. Specially desired for planting as
individual specimens on lawns or in tubs.
10 to 12 in 1.50
12 to 15 in
15 to 18 in
18 to 24 in
A very low growing variety, used for window boxes and
edgings around beds of shrubbery or along walks, etc.  Each Per 10 Per 100
3 to 4 in
4 to 6 in
8 to 10 in
Each Per 10         Per 100           3 to 4 in.         .15         1.25         10.00           4 to 6 in.         .20         1.75         15.00           6 to 8 in.         .75         6.50         50.00           8 to 10 in.         1.00         7.50           COTO NEASTER horizontalis, 1'-1½'         Rock Cotoneaster           Small horizontalis and horizontalis and formula and horizontalis.         1.00         7.50
Small box-like leaves; bright red berries; elective among
rocks. 3-in. pots
5-in. pots
DAPHNE cneorum, 1' Rose Daphne
Gray-green foliage, low spreading. Pretty pink flowers in April–May. Delightful fragrance.
3-in, pots
10 to 12 in
Lustrous, deep green leaves: upright bushy habit; needs
willer protection here.
12 to 18 in
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft
Bushy, interesting growth. Leaves round, dull green.
Bright scarlet fruits, freely produced. Handsome among
evergreens. Also called Evergreen Bittersweet.  12 to 15 in
15 to 18 in
ILEX crenata, 8'-10' Japanese Holly Box like leaves rich doep green and leathery. Stiff
Box-like leaves, rich, deep green, and leathery. Stiff branching, makes a good hedge. Black berries.
15 to 18 in
18 to 24 in
Shining dark groon loaves purplish in winter: black
berries. Useful for shady spots, also succeeds in sun.  12 to 15 in
12 to 15 in
Does best in moist, partially shaded place. Rather difficult
to transplant.
12 to 18 in 3.00

Scientific Name	
	Common Name
KALMIA latifolia, 5'-7'	Mountain Laurel
Most effective in June when the clusters o	
This stock is nursery grown. Good folia	ige: like shade.
Fac	h Por 10 Por 100
12 to 15 in	50
JCOTHOE catesbaei, 3'-4'	rooping Leucothoe
Attractive white flowers, May. Handso ich autumn coloring. Splendid for unde	me lustrous leaves,
ch autumn coloring. Splendid for unde	r planting in shade.
12 to 15 in	)() )
Shining green leaves, turn rich scarlet in	Pregon Holly Grape
n May when yellow flowers appear; blue-	black fruits Rost
in half shade.	black it uits. Dest
	00
2 to 15 in	Japanese Spurge
CHYSANDRA terminalis, 6"-8" One of the best bedding plants for gre	en effect in shady
olaces.	
4 to 6 in	1.25 10.00
IODODENDRON maximum, 8'-12'	
Rose	bay Rhododendron
Beautiful light pink flowers freely produ	iced in May-June.
Large handsome foliage, most effective	in masses.
18 to 24 in	
$2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	Periwinkle
Very good ground cover.	renwinkie
Gin note	20 1.75
3-in. pots	Adam's Needle
ong lance-like leaves. Tall flower spik	e grows up quickly
n June–July. Numerous creamy flower	rs and general ap-
in June–July. Numerous creamy flowe pearance give tropical effect. Useful for	massing with either
evergreens or shrubbery.	
3-year plants	4.00
ORNAMENTAL CLIMBII	NG VINES
IPELOPSIS quinquefolia, 30'-50' Valuable for rich, fiery autumn coloring	Virginia Creeper
Eac	
to 2 ft	:I1 25
to 3 ft	35 Boston Ivar
to 3 ft	Boston Ivv
to 3 ft	Boston Ivv
closely self clinging. Also called Japane	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper.
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper.
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper. 50 Dutchman's Pipe
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper. 50 Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart-
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper. 50 Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart-
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; see Creeper. 50 Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart- 00 Trumpet Vine
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; see Creeper. 50 Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart- 00 Trumpet Vine
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper. 50 Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart- 00 Trumpet Vine and orange, July.
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper.  Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart- Trumpet Vine and orange, July.  and orange, July.
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper.  Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart- Trumpet Vine and orange, July.  and orange, July.
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper. 50  Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart- 00  Trumpet Vine and orange, July. 50 herican Bittersweet l berries that retain
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper. 50 Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart- 00 Trumpet Vine and orange, July. 50 nerican Bittersweet berries that retain
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper.  Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart-  Trumpet Vine and orange, July.  merican Bittersweet berries that retain  duranting
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper.  Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart-  Trumpet Vine and orange, July. erican Bittersweet berries that retain  of '-15' wn for bedding and
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper.  Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart-  Trumpet Vine and orange, July. erican Bittersweet berries that retain  of '-15' wn for bedding and
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper.  Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart-  Trumpet Vine and orange, July. erican Bittersweet berries that retain  of '-15' wn for bedding and
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper.  Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart-  Trumpet Vine and orange, July. erican Bittersweet berries that retain  of '-15' wn for bedding and
closely self clinging. Also called Japane 18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper.  Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart-  Trumpet Vine and orange, July.  merican Bittersweet berries that retain  du'-15' wn for bedding and nd stumps. They
18 to 24 in	Boston Ivy es, turning black; ese Creeper. 60 Dutchman's Pipe ape. Large heart- 00 Trumpet Vine and orange, July. 00 enerican Bittersweet 1 berries that retain 60 '-15' wn for bedding and nd stumps. They d.

MANHEIM,	PENNSYLVANIA.
Scientific Name	Common Name
—Paniculata, 20'-25' The flowers are of medium in immense sheets in Septe	Sweet Autumn Clematis a size, fragrant, pure white, borne ember. Each
2-year, first classEUONYMUS radicans varie	
Leaves veined and mark	Variegated Leaf Wintercreeper ked yellowish white and pink.
Bushy, interesting grown Bright scarlet fruits, free evergreens. Also called E	
9 to 12 in	
Good ground cover in shad 2-year LONICERA japonica hallian	y locations. An ideal wall cover50
Grows rampantly. Bloom	Hall Japanese Honeysuckle as freely, deliciously fragrant.
feet and producing through	s growth attaining a height of 25 th summer and fall great foamy
2-year	es and trellises; dense drooping ple-blue flowers.
2 to 3 ft	
	NNIAL PLANTS
ASTILBE Japonica Hybrids America. Deep pink; exc Brunhilde. Creamy white	ellent forcing variety.
Philadelphia. Queen Alexandra. Light	
2-yearBELLIS perennis monstrosa, 1-year	Each Per 10 \$ .50 \$4.00 5". Pink, May. English Daisy 
A pretty species growing in inches high; flowers clear It begins blooming in June	n compact tufts, not exceeding 8 blue, held erect on wiry stems. e, continuing until October. As rder or for the rockery it is un-
surpassed.	,

#### CANNAS

1-year....

2.00

### How to Make a Round Canna Bed

Plant 1 Canna in the center, 6 in the first circle, 12 in the second circle, then 18, 24, etc., according to the size of the bed, with the circles 18 inches apart, and the plants in the circle 18 inches apart. A bed 4 feet in diameter takes 7 Cannas; a 7-foot bed, 19 Cannas; a 10-foot bed, 37 Cannas; a 16-foot bed, 91 Cannas.

King Humbert. 4 ft. Flower orange-scarlet, streaked crimson. Foliage ebony. Its unusually handsome foliage, which is equaled by no other variety, makes this Canna as popular as is The President for its gorgeous flowers.

Scientific Name  Salmon Queen. 5 ft. Very good bloomer, salmon color, taller.
The President. 4 ft. Far and away superior to any other scarlet Canna ever produced. This beauty, with its massive heads of glowing scarlet, is in a class by itself for brilliant effect and is used by practically every park superintendent who needs a vivid red in his plantings.  Each Per 10
CHRYSANTHEMUM Maximum, 2' White, July—Sept. DELPHINIUM belladonna, 2½' Light blue, June—Oct.  State 17 10 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
They are our best blue cut flower, are perfectly hardy, and established plants produce a number of spikes, giving three crops during the season.
—beliamosum, 2'. June—Oct. Larkspur A dark blue of the type of Belladonna with the color of the old Formosum variety, but not liable to mildew like the latter and of stronger growth.
1-year
—Gertrude, 1', red.
—Her Majesty, 10". Very large purest double white.
—Plumarius, 1' Grass Pink Pink, purplish and white, fragrant flowers and on long spikes. For border or rock garden.
.20 1.50
Pink and white, May-June. 80 7.50  DICTAMNUS albus, 2½'. White, June-July. Gas Plant The Dictamnus is one of the most satisfactory hardy plants in cultivation, both on account of splendid flowers and its rich, durable foliage.
Pink and white, May-June

Scientific Name	Common	Name
LEONTOPODIUM	Ede	elweiss
—Alpinum. A well-known Alpine and small yellow flowers which as	ro gurrounded bre a	to 41:1-0
heads of leaves, clothed with a stance. A splendid plant for thinches. June to August.	dense white, wooll	v sub-
stance. A splendid plant for the	ne rock garden. 4	to 5
inches. June to August.	Each	Per 10
LESPEDEZA formosa, 3'-4'	Purple Bush	Clover
Rosy purple flower conspicuous in	Sept. Attractive	shrub.
	.75	6.00
LILIUM —Candidum. This is the old-fashio	Madonn	ia Lily
of the most beautiful. Ready in	September only.	na one
	.25	2.00
LYCHNIS Chalcedonica, 3' Heads of vivid scarlet flowers, blo	Maltese	Cross
of the brightest plants in the hard	onning a long time. lv border.	Опе
or the prighteest plants in the initial	.25	2.00
MYOSOTIS scorpioides	True Forget-M	
PAEONIA		2.00 Peony
-Edulis Superba. Soft pink, early		1 cony
3 to 5 eyes		4.00
-Felix Crousse. Best brilliant red,	, midseason.	7.00
3 to 5 eyes	e. carmine tipped.	7.00
3 to 5 eves		4.00
—Francis Ortegat. Semi-double, pu	arplish crimson.	7 00
3 to 5 eyes		7.00
3 to 5 eyes		7.00
PHLOX Decussata	Hardy	Phlox
Perennial Phloxes succeed in almo	ost any soil enriched	d with
manure in Spring, and in hot weat of water. If the first spikes of blo	ner an occasional so	s soon
as over, they will produce a secon	id supply of flowers	s, con-
tinuing the display until late in Au	utumn.	
——Beacon. Brilliant cherry-red.	.25	2.00
Elizabeth Campbell. Bright s	salmon-pink, with 1	lighter
shadings and dark red eye; one	of the handsomes	st and
most attractive.	.35	3.00
Homeland. (Deutschland.) I		
dark orange-red flowers.		
Jules Sandeau. Large, fine,		3.00
pink.	very free-nowering	, pure
	.25	2.00
Mrs. Milly van Hoboken. N		ithout
eye. Large flowers on long erect	spike25	2.00
Thor. A beautiful lively shad	de of deep salmon	-pink,
suffused and overlaid with a scar	let glow; has anili	ne-red
eye.	.25	2.00
PHLOX Suffruticosa	.23	2.00
— — Miss Lingard. The best Phlor	x in cultivation. I	
duces immense heads of beautiful	white flowers in Jui	ne and
blooms again in September and Oc	.25	2.00
PHLOX Subulata		Phlox
——Alba. Pure white.	.25	2.00
Lilacina. Light lilac.	.23	4.00
218111 1111101	.25	2.00

Scientific Name

Common Name

PLATYCODON

—Grandiflora. Blue. 18 inches. June to October. Large, showy, deep blue flowers. Good for rock garden and

border.

Each Per 10 .25 2.00

# ROSES

The list we offer is not a large one but contains the "cream" of the ones that do well here.

#### Everblooming Roses

Hybrid Teas and Teas

Gruss an Teplitz. Everblooming scarlet crimson. A strong grower. The best everbloomer of its color.

Each Per 10

1.00 8.50

Jonkheer J. L. Mock. A new pink Rose from Holland; vigorous in growth and hardy, with long smooth canes and great freedom of bloom. Flowers are round and full bright pink faced carmine.

Los Angeles. Flame pink. Buds long and pointed. Beautiful from the opening of the bud until the last petal drops.

1.00 8.50

Ophelia. Salmon-flesh, shaded rose. A Rose that is admired by everyone.

Radiance. Lovely light silvery pink flowers, with beautiful suffusion of deeper color. It may be relied upon to produce flowers under all conditions.

Red Radiance. A deep red, with great globular flowers.
Blooms until frost.

1.00 8.50

Souv. de Claudius Pernet. Color a decided and unstained sunflower yellow, even deeper toned at center. Will not fade. Flower form is large and full, the buds long and pointed. Vigorous grower.

1.00 8.50

Frau Karl Druschki. Constant bloomer. Best white. 1.00 8.50

# Climbers and Ramblers

Climbing American Beauty. Plant a vigorous grower. Color red, same as the famous old American Beauty. Wonderfully free bloomer.

.80 7.50

Dorothy Perkins. Rambler. In June and July this one produces immense trusses of delightful pink flowers. Hardiest of all roses.

30 7.50

**Dr. W. Van Fleet.** This is one of the most magnificent and showy roses of any class. Color a delicate shade of flesh pink on the outer surface, deepening to rosy flesh in the center.

.80 7.50
Paul's Scarlet Climber. Midseason. The most brilliant, vivid scarlet of any Rose grown. The color is intense and the flowers come in beautiful open cluster-heads with from 5 to 15 blooms, on very long strong stems.

.80 7.50

#### BLOOMAID

A Plant Food for Flowers, Shrubs and Vegetables makes flowers bloom earlier and last longer. Causes luxuriant growth of shrubs and vegetables.

#### **PRICES**

	Can													
	Container													
25-lb.	Bag	 	 			٠.		 						. \$1.75
100-lb.	Bag	 	 	٠.	٠.		•	 ٠.	٠.	•	•	٠.	٠	. \$5.00

#### SUNOCO SPRAY OIL

50 gallons in drum @ 50¢	\$25.00
30 gallons in drum @ 60¢	18.00
15 gallons in drum @ 70¢	
5 gallons in can @ \$1.00	5.00
1 gallon in can	1.25

#### SHEEP MANURE

5 Lbs											 							\$		25	
10 Lbs																		"	.4	15	
25 Lbs											 							1	1.1	90	
50 Lbs											 							- 1	1.5	50	
100 Lbs											 							- 2	2.5	50	

Larger quantities, prices on application.

#### PEAT MOSS

Valuable for mulching and mixing with soil in ornamental plantings, gardens, lawns, etc.
Splendid litter for poultry houses. Bale covers 240 square

teet one inch deep.

1 Bushel	\$ .50
½ Bale	
1 Bale	3.50

Larger quantities, prices on application.

#### SOIL

Carefully selected top-soil rich in plant food.

100 Lbs																			\$	50
500 Lbs																				
1000 Lbs																				
2000 Lbs												 							6.	00

#### WOOD AND CONCRETE LAWN AND GARDEN FURNITURE

Lawn Benches, Bird Baths, Flower Boxes, Urns, Arbors, Trellises, Pergolas, etc.

Prices and illustrated folder upon request.

# ROOT'S NURSERIES, INC.

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# MEMORANDA

# SUCCESSFUL PLANTING AND CARE OF STOCK

#### CARE

The bundles should be opened immediately, the roots dipped in water, then heeled in moist ground so that the mellow earth will come in contact with the roots and thoroughly protect them from the air, having the earth tramped solid about them.

When ready to plant, take up only a few at a time, puddle the roots and do not allow them to lie exposed to the sun

or air.

The ground should be carefully prepared by deep plowing and firming down with a disc and harrow.

#### PLANTING

The holes for planting must be large enough to receive the roots freely, without cramping or bending them from their natural position. All broken or mutilated portions of the roots must be cut off so as to leave the ends smooth and sound. All trees should be planted two or three inches deeper than they stood in the nursery row; pack the soil very firmly about the roots by tamping with the feet or post tamper, being careful not to bark or break the roots. Leave three inches of the surface soil loose to serve as a mulch. If the ground is very dry, apply one to two pails of water before this soil mulch is in place, and after the water has soaked away it can then be placed over the moist soil.

#### NUMBER OF TREES OR PLANTS TO THE ACRE

40 feet apart each way	28
30 feet apart each way	48
20 feet apart each way	110
18 feet apart each way	135
15 feet apart each way	205
12 feet apart each way	300
10 feet apart each way	435
8 feet apart each way	680
6 feet apart each way	,210
5 feet apart each way 1	,745
4 feet apart each way	
3 feet apart each way	,840

Rule—Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are apart in the rows, and the product will be the number of square feet for each plant, which, divided into the number of square feet in an acre (43,560), will give the number of plants or trees to the acre.

#### SUITABLE DISTANCE FOR PLANTING

Apples—30 to 40 feet apart each way. Standard Pears and Cherries—20 feet apart each way. Plums, Peaches and Apricots—16 to 18 feet apart each way. Dwarf Pears and Quinces—10 to 12 feet apart each way. Grapes—rows of 10 to 16 feet apart; 7 to 10 feet in rows. Currants and Gooseberries—4 feet apart. Raspberries and Blackberries—3 to 4 by 5 to 7 feet. Strawberries, for field culture—1 by 3 to 3½ feet. Strawberries, for garden culture—1 to 2 feet apart. Asparagus, for field culture—18 to 24 inches by 3½ to 4 feet. Asparagus, for garden culture—18 to 24 inches apart each way.

